Silvia Arnisa¹, Darmawan², Susy Sriwahyuni³, Danvil Nabela⁴

^{1,2,3,4}Faculty of Public Health, Universitas Teuku Umar E-mail:<u>silviaarnisa264@gmail.com</u>

Abstract

Measles is a disease that can be transmitted and is often experienced by children aged 5-13 years. The high rate of cases was 93 people who experienced measles in children in the child inpatient room at Subulussalam City Hospital. Measles is a paramyxoviridae group that enters the human body and then the virus will settle, multiply and can cause measles in children. Factors related to the incidence of measles in children are not immunized against measles, unhealthy homes, lack of mother's knowledge. This research was conducted aiming to analyze the factors related to the characteristics of the mother with the incidence of measles in children at Subulussalam City Hospital. This research method uses a quantitative descriptive analytic method with a cross sectional design through interview techniques using a questionnaire with 40 respondents. Based on the results of the independent variables that the age of the mother with the incidence of measles produces a P-value (0.017), education P-value (0.071), knowledge P-value (0.071), income P-value (0.896). The conclusion from the results the researchers have done at Subulussalam City Hospital can conclude that from the results of the P-value below <0.05 which is significant indicating that there is a relationship between several variables of maternal characteristics and the incidence of measles in children who have been tested based on univariate analysis and bivariate analysis.

Keywords: Measles, Children, Characteristics.

1. INTRODUCTION

Body Health World *World Health Organization* (WHO) also record around 30 thousa nd child Indonesia die consequence disease measles with complications disease other as in flammation lungs, diarrhea, blindness, disturbance hearing, and encephalitis which damage b rain, part big case measles attack children age pre school and age SD and number inventio n case and death because measles in Indonesia on year 20142018 which reported is 89,127 suspect measles with 22 death whereas results laboratory is19,392 positive measles Accord ingto data from (WHO), on decades final this 40 million child suffer measles (measles) fro m 481,000 child which infected measles 74% die world. kindly global measles Becomes so mething threat which very big because could infectious to people other. However almost en tirely could prevented through vaccination. But, accordingto (CDC) isknown that scope vaccination inmanner global notyet realized from 86% with total 87 thousand case measles and 207,500 total death on year 2019 until Becomes 81% with case 128,000 people die on y ear 2021 asmuch 40 million child throughout world no get vaccine measles (Fatunnisa, 202 2). Service health aceh also record there

is 1,100 case measles which could attack on children in province Very heavy that is Indonesia on year 2022, and request inhabitant for protect children for through fulfillmen t immunization to child. "Moment this there is 1,100 case measles on year 2022, the numbers themore many," according

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to opinion head field Prevention and Control disease (P2P) Department of Health aceh faith Muraman In Band aceh, on date (Surry, 2022).

hildren but can also could attack people mature especially which not

Basedon study which conducted by Reni Spiritual about knowledge and attitude Mother wh ich have child toddler to disease measles, state that from knowledge Mother enough as much 100 people (68.5%) and almost half attitude Mother good as

much 74 people (50.7). Researcher conclude knowledge Mother enough because Mother un derstand about definition disease measles, method transmission happening disease measles, sign beginning and symptom disease measles, complications disease measles, prevention inci dent disease measles, asas care During experience disease measles to attitude Mother good because attitude which cognitive, affective and conative part big also Mother very agree with cleanliness environment, sign symptom disease measles and information as well as benefit from immunization measles. Reason main measles because infection virus *paramy xoviridae* which could infectious through air which has contaminated by *droplet* (saliva) pe ople which has contaminated with incident disease measles, virus this not only attack on c

yet once get vaccine nor which notyet once caught measles moment still small (Reni, Nur & Sukmawati, 2020).factors which related with incident measles on child that

is no immunization measles because immunization is shape effort which could increase immunity body to individual sothat stand to disease which currently epidemic or dangerous for health around environmen house no healthy as condition house which damp can Become s wrong one indication house dirty sothat causing emergence mold aswell

as bacteria virus develop breed inthe house which could raises disease, knowledge Mother which notenough could as factor with incident measles because no understand gift immuniz ation to child sothat gift immunization Becomes no appropriate and can resulted no exists i mmunity in the body child so that child easy infected and attacked disease (Arianto, 2018). Data which obtained from room reporting takecare stay child as taking data beginning whih obtained in HOSPITAL City Subulussalam found thereis 37 case measles which happen on year 2019, 15 case measles which happen on year 2022 case measles which happen on year 2021 and 93 case measles which happe enhancement which very drastic on year 2022 (HOSPITAL City Subulussalam 2022).

On moment survey beginning which conducted researcher about incident measles on child in room takcare stay child HOSPITAL City Subulussalam, researcher also do interview to a number of respondent for know factor which happen with incident measles on child found t hat exists age Mother which risky, level education Mother which low, knowledge Mother which low, and income Mother which low. Basedon problem on, so need conducted analys is factors which which related characteristics Mother with incident measles on child in HO SPITAL City Subulussalam.

2. RESEARCH METHOD

Method study this use method study quantitative which aim for analyze factors which related characteristics Mother with incident measles on child in HOSPITAL City Subulussa lam. In study this use method approach from data secondary and primary as type study de scriptive analytic for serve data corresponding fact and information as well as could compare, analyze and evaluate data which collected in a manner cross sectional through technique interview with use questionnaire with 40 respond ent as type study observational which analyze data variable which collected on one point time certain from whole population sample which has determined with technique taking sa mple random sample sampling use application SPSS with test chisquare for determine results from analysis on variable, population in study this is patient ta

ke care stay which in diagnosis in

manner clinical suffer disease measles in HOSPITAL City Subulussalam. Based on collection data taken from room record medical and data reporting in room take care stay class III child as sample study there is around 85 patient which treated stay every the month. Study this held started on date 27 July 2022 in HOSPITAL City Subulussalam unti 1 with 27 November 2022.

3. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

3.1. Results Analysis Univariate

Table 1. based

on distribution frequency variable independent with measure from data results age M other, education, knowledge and income on room take care stay child in HOSPITAL City Subulussalam.

Characteristics	f	Percentage %	
Age Mother			
< 20 Year risky	10	25.0%	
> 20 Year Not risky	30	75.0%	
Education Mother			
Intermediate Tothetop	26	65.0%	
Intermediate Down	14	35.0%	
Knowledge Mother			
Well	26	65.0%	
Notenough Well	14	35.0 %	
Income Mother			
< 3,166,460 UMR	37	92.5%	
> 3,166,460 UMR	3	7.5%	
Incident Measles		-	
Measles	28	70.0%	
Not Measles	12	30.0%	

Based

- on table 1 on get from results univariate proportion respondent which own age Mother which no risky that
- is 75.0% more big compared with respondent age Mother which risky that
- is 25.0%, proportion respondent which own education Mother medium to the top that
- is 65.0% more big compared with respondent education Mother medium down that
- is 35.0%, proportion respondent which own knowledge Mother which good that
- is 65.0% more big compared with respondent knowledge Mother which not enough good that
- is 35.0%, proportion respondent which own income Mother which under UMR that
- is 92.5% more big compared with respondent income Mother which on UMR that
- is 7.5%, and proportion respondent which own incident measles that
- is 70.0% more big compared with respondent which no measles that is 30.0%.

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3.2. Results Analysis Bivariate

Table 2. Connection Among age Mother with incident disease measles on room t ake care stay child in HOSPITAL City Subulussalam.

No	Variable .	Incident Measles				tal	OR	<i>P</i> -value
		Measles	Not Measles					
	f	%	f	%	f	%		
1. Age Mo < 20 Yea		4 40.0%	6	60.0%	10	100.0% (0.035-0		0.017
> 20 Year	r Not risky 24	4 80.0%	6	20.0%	30	100.0%	.703)	

Table 2 Proportion respondent age Mother which no risky happen measles on child a

big 80.0% more big compared proportion respondent age. Mother which risky happen mea sles on child as

big 40.0%, whereas proportion respondent age Mother which risky no happen measles on c hild as

big 60.0% more big compared proportion respondent age Mother which no risky no happen measles on child as big 20.0%.

OR=0,1 which meaning that age Mother no own opportunity risky on his son which caught measles on child compared with Mother which own age which risky and age which no risky no is factor risk happening measles on child, in a manner statistics exists connection age Mother with measles on child with score p.s value 0.017.

Table 3. Connection Among education Mother with incident disease measles on r oom take care stay child in HOSPITAL City Subulussalam.

No Variable		Incid	ent Mea	asles	Total	OR	<i>P</i> -value
	Mea	Ieasles Not Measles			(95%CI)		
	f	%	f	%	f %		
2. Education Mother							
Intermediate To the top	21	80.8%	5	19.2%	26 100.0%		
Intermediate Down	7	50.0%	7	50.0%	14 100.0%	4,200	0.071
					(1,00	04-17,574)	

Table 3 Proportion respondent education Mother medium to the top happen measles on child as

big 80.8% more big compared proportion respondent education. Mother middle down happ en measles on child as

big 50.0%, whereas proportion respondent education Mother medium down no happen meas les on child as

big 50.0% more big compared proportion respondent education Mother medium to the top no happen measles on child as big 19.2%.

OR=4,2 which own meaning that Mother which own education low 4 time more chance his

son caught measles compared with Mother which own education tall and education low is factor risk happening measles on toddler, but in a manner statistics no there is connection education Mother with measles on toddler with score p.s value 0.071.

Table 4. Connection Among knowledge Mother with incident disease measles on room take care stay child in HOSPITAL City Subulussalam.

No Variable		Incide	nt Me	easles	,	Γotal	OR	<i>P</i> -value
	N	1 easles	Not	t Measles			(95%C	I)
	f	%	f	%	f	%		
3. Knowledge Mother								
Well	21	80.8%	5	19.2%	26	100.0%		
Not enough good	7	50.0%	7	50.0%	14	100.0%	4,200	0.071
						(1,	74)	

Table 4 Proportion respondent knowledge Mother good happen measles on child as big 80.8% more big compared proportion respondent knowledge. Mother not enough good happen measles on child as

big 50.0%, whereas proportion respondent education Mother not enough good no happen measles on child as

big 50.0% more big compared proportion respondent education Mother good no happen me asles on child as big 19.2%.

OR=4,2 which own meaning that Mother which own knowledge no good 4 time m ore chance his

son caught measles compared with Mother which own knowledge good and knowledge not enough good is factor risk happening measles on toddler, but in manner statistics no there

is connection education Mother with measles on toddler with score p.s value 0.071.

Table 5. Connection Among income Mother with incident disease measles on roo m take care stay child in HOSPITAL City Subulussalam

No Variable	Measles			Total	OR	<i>P</i> -value			
		Measles			Measles				
	f	%)	f	%	f	%		
4. Income Mother	•								
<3,166,460 UMR		26	70.3%	11	29.7%	37	100.0%	1,182	0.896
		(0.097-1)				0,097-14,4	124)		
>3,166,460 UMR	2	2ϵ	6.7%	1	33.3%	3	100.0%		

Table 5 Proportion respondent income Mother under UMR happen measles on child

as

big 70.3% more big compared proportion respondent income Mother on UMR happen meas les on child as

big 66.7%, whereas proportion respondent income Mother on UMR no happen measles on child as

big 33.3% more big compared proportion respondent income Mother under UMR no happe n measles on child as big 29.7%.

OR=1,1 which own meaning that Mother which own education low 1 time more chance his

son caught measles compared with Mother which own income under UMR and income on UMR is factor risk happening measles on toddler, but in a manner statistics no there is connection income Mother with measles on toddler with score p.s value 0.896.

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3.3. DISCUSSION

Age Mother

Results study show that proportion respondent with variable age Mother which no r isky on incident measles 80.0% more big from age Mother which no risky on incident no measles 20.0%, whereas proportion respondent with variable age Mother which risky on incident no measles 60.0% more big from age Mother which risky on incident measles 40.0%. Score OR=0,1 which meaning that age Mother no own opportunity risky on his son which caught measles on child will but from statistics show there

is connection which significant Among age Mother Among characteristics Mother with case measles on child in HOSPITAL City Subulussalam year 2022 with score P=0.017.

According

to assumption researcher in study this age Mother to incident measles on child it seems enough influence, Thing this proven where age Mother which risky could affect on incident measles on child because lack of experience a Mother in look after child from level health for child so

that case measles on child could just happen increase caused hit it measles on child.

Study this in line with results from study Srilina Brother Pinem, et al (2020) with title factors which influence visit toddler in gift immunization impact at posyandu Village Pertibi chubby Subdistrict Brand 2019 with show that as much 45 sample with results *Test chi*-

square on age Mother to incident measles obtained results p=0.005 <a=0.05. Thing this state that there

is exists influence connection Among knowledge Mother with incident measles and results tester statistics also state Odds Ratio (OR) is 2,649 (Confidence intervals 95%=1,450-4,841) which means age Mother to disease measles have risk caught measles on child 2,64 9 time more many.

Education Mother

Results study show that proportion respondent with variable education Mother which medium to the top on incident measles 80.8% more big from education Mother medium to the top on incident no measles 19.2%, whereas proportion respondent with variable education Mother medium down on incident measles 50.0% same big from education Mother medium down on incident no measles 50.0%. Score OR=4,2 which meaning that education Mother own opportunity risky 4 time more chance on his

son which caught measles on child will but from statistics show no there

is connection which significant Among education Mother Among characteristics Mother with case measles on child in HOSPITAL City Subulussalam year 2022 with score P=0.071.

According

to assumption researcher in study this education Mother to incident measles on child, the more tall level education Mother so they will understand about case incident measles on child so

that incident case could in prevent through factors which will causing happening measles, o therwise if education Mother which low so lack

of understanding a Mother from incident measles which experienced by children and could increase case measles on child because lack

of education which got by a Mother to guard as well as look after health child.

Study this in line with results from study Maria Ulfah, et al (2015) with title factors which related with incident incident disease measles on toddler in Subdistrict Bekasi East City Bekasi with show that as much 61 sample with results *Test chi*-

square on education Mother to incident measles obtained results p=0.063 > a=0.05. Thing th is state that no there

is exists influence connection Among knowledge Mother with incident measles and results t ester statistics also state Odds Ratio (OR) is 15,907 which means Mother with education lo w to disease measles have risk child will caught measles 15,907 time more many compare d Mother with education tall to disease measles.

Knowledge Mother

Results study show that proportion respondent with variable knowledge Mother which good on incident measles 80.8% more big from knowledge Mother which good on incident no measles 19.2%, whereas proportion respondent with variable knowledge Mother which not

enough good on incident measles 50.0% same big from knowledge Mother which not enough good on incident no measles 50.0%. Score OR=4,2 which meaning that knowledge Mother own opportunity risky 4 time more chance on his

son which caught measles on child will but from statistics show no there

is connection which significant Among knowledge Mother Among characteristics Mother with case measles on child in HOSPITAL City Subulussalam year 2022 with score P=0.071.

According

to assumption researcher in study this knowledge Mother to incident measles on child that is knowledge Mother obtained from experience as well as information which obtained somebody, so knowledge the will could change method patte rn think somebody so that Act he did could develop from previously not enough understand to case measles and how factor which could influence happening measle s on child.

Study this in line with results from study Mrs Giarsawan, et al (2012) with title factors which influence incident measles in region Public health center Tejakula I Subdistrict Tejakula districts Buleleng show that as much 46 sample with results *Test chi*-

square on knowledge Mother to incident measles obtained results p=0.056>a=0.05. Thing th is state that no exists influence knowledge Mother to incident measles and results tester statistics also state Odds Ratio (OR) is 10,200 (Confidence intervals 95%=2,620-

39,717) which means Mother with knowledge to disease measles low have risk child will c aught measles 10,200 time more many compared Mother with knowledge to disease measl es tall.

Income Mother

Results study show that proportion respondent with variable income Mother which u nder UMR on incident measles 70.3% more big from income Mother which under UMR on incident no measles 29.7%, whereas proportion respondent with variable income Mother which on UMR on incident measles 66.7% more big from income Mother which on UM R on incident no measles 33.3%. Score OR=1,1 which meaning that income Mother own o pportunity risky 1 time more chance on his

son which caught measles on child will but from statistics show no there

is connection which significant Among income Mother Among characteristics Mother with case measles on child in HOSPITAL City Subulussalam year 2022 with score P=0.896.

According

to assumption researcher in study this income Mother to incident measles on child it seems no influence because total respondent more many income Mother under UMR compa red income Mother which on UMR. Thing this no own influence big to incident measles b

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ecause case measles the can happen consequence from method pattern foster to child as well as method how a Mother which can in guard health his son.

Study this in line with results from study Wulan Marniasih, et al (2012) with title factors which related with incident measles on in region work Public health center natar Regency Lampung South year 2012 with show that as much 60 sample with results *Test chi*-

square on income Mother to incident measles obtained results p=0.770 > a=0.05. Thing this state that no there

is exists influence connection Among knowledge Mother with incident measles.

4. CONCLUSIONS AND SUGGESTIONS

4.1. CONCLUSION

Based

on results study which conducted in HOSPITAL City Subulussalam to 40 respondent, facto r which own connection significant with incident measles on child in HOSPITAL City Subulussalam that

is age Mother (p=0.017, OR=0.167) whereas which no own connection which significant ed ucation Mother (p=0.071, OR=4,200) knowledge Mother (p=0.071, OR=4,200) income Moth er (p=0.896, OR=1,182) to incident measles on child in HOSPITAL City Subulussalam.

4.2.SUGGESTION

Recommended for party power health so that could increase communication information and education for increase knowledge Mothe r about change pattern think as well as so that more could increase awareness in importance health for child in effort decline number incident disease measles on child for increase level health child so that hope free from case disease incident measles on child could corresponding with achiev ement decline case.

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ANALYSIS OF FACTORS RELATED TO MOTHER'S CHARACTERISTICS AND MEASLES CASES IN CHILDREN AT SUBULUSSALAM CITY HOSPITAL IN 2022

Silvia Arnisa, Darmawan, Susy Sriwahyuni, Danvil Nabela