



CRIMINOLOGICAL ANALYSIS OF WOMEN'S INVOLVEMENT IN ILLEGAL CIRCULATION OF NARCOTICS

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Abstract

Research Objectives 1). To know and understand the background back women are involved in the illicit trafficking of narcotics. 2). To know and understand the forms of women's involvement in illicit drug trafficking. 3). To find out the efforts made by the Women's Correctional Institution involved in the illicit trafficking of Narcotics (Drugs). The results of the research are the Correctional Institution in providing guidance to Narcotics Prisoners in Correctional Institutions, namely by carrying out many development program activities, namely independence programs, personality programs, national and state awareness programs, programs to reunite society so that inmates can return to being good human beings. useful for themselves family and religion and when they return to society, they can be accepted again. The programs are: First, there is an independence development program, where this program is carried out so that inmates can work and have their own skills for their provision. For example, opening a bicycle repair shop, carp cultivation, catfish farming, cricket cultivation, bird farming, tilapia cultivation, ginger cultivation, multicultural cultivation, cattle farming, goat farming, and for female prisoners there is also knitting and making handicrafts. Second, there is a personality development program, where this program is carried out so that the inmates can get closer to God, so that the inmates can restore good mentality so that when they leave they can be accepted back into society. Examples include mutual cooperation, helping each other, reminding each other about prayer and eating schedules. The three programs are awareness of the nation and state, where this program is carried out so that prisoners can love their homeland Indonesia again and can regenerate a sense of nationalism in them, for example, such as flag ceremonies, direction of relevant agencies on the 1945 constitution. Fourth, the program reunites the community, where this program is carried out so that the inmates when they leave the Penitentiary can be accepted back into the community, with all the knowledge that has been given in the Correctional Institution.

Keywords: *Crime, Women and Narcotics*

1. INTRODUCTION

Narkoba is an abbreviation of narcotics and drugs/dangerous substances. In addition to "Drugs" another term introduced in particular by the Ministry of Health of the Republic of Indonesia is NAPZA which stands for Narcotics, Psychotropics, and other addictive substances. Regarding narcotics (DRUGS) lately, it seems to be an interesting topic of discussion, not only among observers of social problems but in various walks of life. The emergence of interest in various elements of society is caused by the wider distribution of drugs, the increasing number of users, the increasingly diverse types and quality. Indonesia basically wants to create a prosperous, just, peaceful, and spiritually prosperous society based on Pancasila and the 1945 Constitution.

. However, the positive impact of narcotics is often misused such as illegal distribution from one hand to another who is not responsible so that the number of narcotics users in Indonesia is recorded to be very high, the high number of narcotics users in Indonesia makes this country a target for illicit narcotics trafficking. It is undeniable that

Indonesia is a large market share for international and national drug traffickers. Even now, the number of drug users in Indonesia is the highest in Asia ¹.

2. LITERATURE REVIEW

2.1. Women's involvement

The definition of involvement according to Setiadi is the level of perceived personal interest and/or interest generated by the stimulus in a specific situation so that the range of its presence, consumers act intentionally to minimize risk and maximize benefits derived from purchase and use.

2.2. Illicit Trafficking of Narcotics

Narcotics are substances or drugs derived from plants or non-plants, both synthetic and semisynthetic, which can cause a decrease or change in consciousness, loss of taste, reduce to eliminate pain, and can cause dependence, which are divided into groups as attached in the law. - this law.

2.3. Drugs

According to Article 1 paragraph (1) of Law no. 35 of 2009 concerning Narcotics is: "Narcotics are substances or drugs derived from plants or non-plants, both synthetic and semi-synthetic, which can cause a decrease or change in consciousness, loss of taste, reduce to eliminate pain, and can cause dependence, which are distinguished In general, narcotics are a type of substance that is inserted into the body temporarily and will have an effect in the form of, pleasing, stimulating and causing imagination or enjoyment.

3. RESEARCH METHODS

This research was conducted on women who are in the Women's Correctional Institution who are involved in drugs. The approach used in this study is a qualitative approach. Qualitative approach is a method used to understand and interpret the meaning of an event of human behavior interaction in certain situations according to the perspective of the research itself. This research uses descriptive method. According to M. Nasir descriptive method is a method in examining the status of a group of people, an object, or condition, a system of thought, or a class of events in the present. This research was conducted to find out how the involvement of women involved in drugs in the Women's Correctional Institution. Descriptive research is research on problems in the form of current facts from the population which includes activities of assessing attitudes or opinions towards individuals, organizations, conditions or procedures with the aim of answering statements related to the subject under study.

4. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

4.1. Coaching And Efforts Done

The coaching referred to in this discussion is an effort to develop an independent and perfect personality and can be responsible, or an effort, influence, protection in the assistance provided to the child that is aimed at the child's maturity, or more quickly to help the child to be proficient in In carrying out life's tasks on their own, that influence comes from adults (created by adults such as schools, smart books for everyday life,

¹Law of the Republic of Indonesia No. 35 of 2009 concerning Narcotics



guidance and advice that motivates them to study hard), and is aimed at people who are not yet mature.

Correctional Institutions also have a coaching program for prisoners, namely:

1. First, there is an independence development program, where this program is carried out so that inmates can work and have their own skills for their future supplies, for example, such as opening a bicycle repair shop, carp cultivation, catfish cultivation, cricket cultivation, bird farming, tilapia cultivation, ginger cultivation, multicultural cultivation, cattle, goats, and for female prisoners there is also knitting, and making handicrafts.
2. Second, there is a personality development program, where this program is carried out so that the inmates can get closer to God, so that the inmates can restore good mentality so that when they leave they can be accepted back into society. Examples include working together, helping each other, reminding each other about prayer and eating schedules.
3. The three programs are awareness of the nation and state, where this program is carried out so that inmates can love their homeland Indonesia again and can regenerate a sense of nationalism in them, for example, such as flag ceremonies, direction of relevant agencies on the 1945 Constitution.
4. Fourth, the program reunites the community, where this program is carried out so that the inmates when they leave the Penitentiary can be accepted back into the community.

In Government Regulation Number 32 of 1999 after that there was a second amendment so that the regulation became Government Regulation Number 99 of 2012 concerning Terms and Procedures for the Implementation of the Rights of Correctional Inmates with a specificity for these Narcotics Convicts that criminal acts of Terrorism, Narcotics and Narcotics Precursors, Psychotropics, crimes against state security and serious human rights crimes, as well as other organized national crimes are extraordinary crimes because they cause great losses to the state or society or many victims or cause extraordinary panic in the community.

4.2. Efforts made by the Correctional Institution in Conducting Guidance on Narcotics Convicts in Correctional Institutions

Many efforts have been made by correctional institutions in carrying out Narcotics development for Narcotics Prisoners in Correctional Institutions, one of which is by carrying out many activities that are coaching programs such as independence programs, personality programs, national and state awareness programs, programs to reunite society so that inmates can return to being useful human beings for themselves, their families and religions and when they return to society they can be accepted back into society. The programs are:

- a) First, there is an independence development program, where this program is carried out so that inmates can work and have their own skills for their future supplies, for example, such as opening a bicycle repair shop, carp cultivation, catfish cultivation, cricket cultivation, bird farming, tilapia cultivation, ginger cultivation, multicultural cultivation, cattle, goats, and for female prisoners there is also knitting, and making handicrafts.
- b) Second, there is a personality development program, where this program is carried out so that inmates can get closer to God. This is done so that inmates can restore

good mentality so that when they leave they can be accepted back into society. Examples include working together, helping each other, reminding each other about prayer and eating schedules.

- c) The three programs are awareness of the nation and state, where this program is carried out so that inmates can love their homeland Indonesia again and can regenerate a sense of nationalism in them, for example, such as flag ceremonies, direction of relevant agencies on the 1945 Constitution.
- d) The fourth program is to reunite the community, where this program is carried out so that the inmates when they leave the Correctional Institution can be accepted back into the community, with all the knowledge that has been given in the Correctional Institution.

The above stages must go through the Correctional Observer Team (TPP) session because this TPP session is the highest council in the correctional process . several factors inhibiting the effectiveness of prisoner coaching, among others:

1. Internal Factor

a. Traits and Personality

Prisoners themselves, because in the process of coaching or correctionalization, the attitude of the inmate's willingness to not want to be good is also formed against the absorption of different prisoners in receiving educational guidance. The nature and personality factors that exist within the prisoners themselves become one of the major inhibiting factors, considering the differences in nature, seriousness in carrying out coaching, and different backgrounds greatly affect the course of coaching, so it is very difficult to determine the type of coaching that is appropriate for each person. -each inmate.

Not a few prisoners who are less aware of the importance of this coaching because of their nature that tends to be lazy and not so interested in the coaching program. Besides that, sometimes there are assisted residents who are in conflict with other inmates , causing a commotion.

2. External Factors

- a) Lack of quantity and quality of Correctional Institution officers As a human component that handles the development of prisoners. Not enough doctors or media, criminologists, psychologists, psychiatrists, social workers in a Correctional Institution;
- b) Lack of fulfillment of health needs for prisoners whose health is impaired, such as not having sufficient medicines for sick inmates in Correctional Institutions;
- c) Incompatibility of skills education received by prisoners with developments in the outside community, so that the skills education received by prisoners cannot be applied in society;
- d) Lack of effective cooperation with other departmental agencies for the distribution of prisoners after serving their criminal terms, for example with the Ministry of Social Affairs, the Ministry of Manpower, Social Organizations, and others;
- e) There are still unscrupulous correctional officers who have not carried out their duties and obligations properly;



- f) The occurrence of overcapacity for the inmates of the prison. The number of inmates in the correctional facility was 2266 people as of December 10, 2018, causing overcapacity and the implementation of coaching did not run optimally;
- g) Inadequate facilities from coaching infrastructure, for example physical facilities, equipment, budget, welfare and so on, especially since the number of prisoners exceeds the capacity of the Correctional Institution. The lack of good quality facilities and infrastructure has become an obstacle to development and has even become one of the causes of the vulnerability of security and order. It is the duty of all parties within the Correctional Institution to be able to care for and maintain all existing facilities and infrastructure and to utilize them optimally;
- h) Lack of active participation from the outside community to be able to accept prisoners openly without being full of suspicion, alienating and so on;
- i) Funds are the main factor that supports to carry out the coaching of the inmates in its implementation, so equipment and materials are needed. Because the program in conducting coaching is not only 1 (one) type but many types according to the interests, talents, skills and jobs needed for the benefit of the inmates after they leave the prison. Lack or absence of funds is an inhibiting factor for the implementation of coaching, because it can result in not running and not realizing all coaching programs for correctional inmates due to the lack of available funds.

5. CONCLUSION

- 1) Women's involvement in Illicit Trafficking in Drugs, especially women in Women's Correctional Institutions, is generally due to economic factors, although there are various reasons related to economic factors. Besides the economic factor, there is also a friend's influence factor that gives you the opportunity to try.
- 2) The form of women's involvement in illicit drug trafficking, especially for women who are in the Women's Correctional Institution, is as a dealer boss, courier, ordinary seller and as a place for storing goods.
- 3) The Women's Correctional Institution seeks to provide guidance to make inmates or prisoners become better and can change in a more positive direction. The Women's Correctional Institution has 2 coaching programs, namely:
 - Personality Development
 - Independence Development.
- 4) The Penitentiary in providing guidance to Narcotics Prisoners in Correctional Institutions is by carrying out many development program activities, namely independence programs, personality programs, national and state awareness programs, programs to reunite society so that prisoners can return to being useful human beings for themselves. their own family and religion and when they return to society, they can be reinstated. The programs are: First, there is an independence development program, where this program is carried out so that inmates can work and have their own skills for their future supplies , for example, opening a bicycle repair shop, carp cultivation, catfish cultivation, cricket cultivation, bird farming, tilapia cultivation, ginger cultivation, multicultural cultivation, cattle farming, goat farming, and for female prisoners there is also

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