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MANUFACTURER PRICE SURVEY COOPERATION OF THE REPRESENTATIVE OFFICE OF BANK INDONESIA (BI) LHOKSEUMAWE & FACULTY OF ECONOMICS AND BUSINESS MALIKUSSALEH UNIVERSITY – JUNE 2024

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Abstract

The development of the Strategic Food Price Information Center (PIHPS) is a real effort from the TPID Pokjanas to facilitate the development of a food information system which also functions as a national scale food price control policy coordination system. PIHPS aims to be a price monitoring tool, policy coordination and a means to expand access to price information for the public. Currently, the information in the National PIHPS focuses on 10 food commodities that dominantly contribute to inflation. Data were collected from direct surveys in 164 traditional markets from 82 CPI inflation sample cities covering 34 provinces with a standardized methodology. Apart from traditional markets, in 2017 development was carried out for modern market price data and large trader data. The target respondents are producers, namely companies/industry/agricultural farmer households/farmer group associations that produce goods. The price data collected is producer price data which includes tax and the enumerated data is point-in time data. The output of observations produced by surveyors is in the form of food price data, names, addresses, contacts (cellphone numbers) of respondents for the commodities surveyed along with the quality of the commodities. Accompanied by photo data of the respondent with the surveyor, and business photos (commodities produced)

Keywords: Producer Prices, Bank Indonesia Lhokseumawe Working Area

1. INTRODUCTION

The development of the Strategic Food Price Information Center (PIHPS) is a real effort from the TPID Pokjanas to facilitate the development of a food information system which also functions as a national scale food price control policy coordination system. PIHPS aims to be a price monitoring tool, policy coordination and a means to expand access to price information for the public. Currently, the information in the National PIHPS focuses on 10 food commodities that dominantly contribute to inflation. Data were collected from direct surveys in 164 traditional markets from 82 CPI inflation sample cities covering 34 provinces with a standardized methodology. Apart from traditional markets, in 2017 development was carried out for modern market price data and large trader data. To complete retail trader price data enumerated in traditional and modern markets as well as wholesaler prices, the development of PIHPS information will also be complemented by the availability of price data at the producer level. Furthermore, this activity will be carried out in collaboration with third party surveyors, in this case the third party is the Faculty of Economics, Malikussaleh University.

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1.1. Scope of work

1.2 Survey Objects

PIHPS data enumeration is carried out on producers every month, every 15-20 to obtain information regarding the prices of several strategic commodities as follows:

No	Commodity	Weight	No	Commodity	Weight
1.	Rice	3.81	5.	Beef	0.59
2.	Red onion	0.29	6.	Purebred Chicken Meat	1.20
3.	Red chili pepper	0.37	7.	Purebred Chicken Eggs	0.67
4.	Cayenne pepper	0.13			

Producer survey respondents are companies/industries that produce goods/services. If the survey is agricultural commodities, respondents can also include farming households and agricultural companies.

1.2 Job Period

Producer Price Survey work is carried out every month for a period of 12 months starting from the date of the Work Order (SPK).

1.3 City Coverage

The location of the respondent is in the district/city which is the working area of Bank Indonesia Lhokseumawe which has been determined based on the meeting results of the discussion of the initial identification survey, as follows:

No	District/City	No	District/City
1	Regency. Bireuen	6	Lhokseumawe City
2	Regency. North Aceh	7	Langsa City
3	Regency. Central Aceh	8	-
4	Regency. Really Merry	9	-
5	Regency. East Aceh	10	-

2.2 METHODOLOGY

Sampling and Implementation of Data Enumeration

2.1 Target Respondents

The target respondents are producers, namely companies/industry/agricultural farmer households/farmer group associations that produce goods









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2.2 Sampel Responden

The respondent criteria are:

- a. Companies/industries/households agriculture Which is at in cities/districts which are production centers;
- b. Company/industry/home ladder agriculture Which produce goods/services in a sustainable manner;
- c. Companies/industries/households/agricultural households/large scale farmer group associations.

If the respondent's business closes or switches production to other goods/commodities, the respondent must be replaced with the same goods/commodities. The number of samples of "producers" surveyed was 27 price data for 7 commodities in districts/cities which had been determined based on the results of the initial identification survey discussion meeting.

2.3 Implementation of Data Enumeration

In general, the methodology for enumerating price data is carried out by conducting direct interviews with respondents every month. Details of the price enumeration implementation are as follows:

a. Required data/information

- The price data collected is producer price data which includes tax.
- The enumerated data is point-in time data. Price enumeration is carried out between the 15-20th of each month.
- Data on enumeration results are reported no later than the 23rd of each month in predetermined standard units.

b. Data and Information Sources

Price data is the result of monitoring data at the producer level

c. Types of Rice

Commodities

The rice that is enumerated is the rice that is most consumed by people in the enumeration city/district, consisting of 6 qualities of rice based on price level, namely 2 types of ordinary/low quality rice, 2 types of medium quality rice, and 2 types of premium quality rice. The price for ordinary/low quality rice does not include rastra rice. The rice price reported is the price per kg.

Red onion

The chopped shallots are local shallots of medium quality. The reported price of shallots is the price per kg

Red chili pepper

There are 2 qualities of chopped red chilies, namely large red chilies and fresh quality curly red chilies. The reported price of red chilies is the price per kg.

Cayenne pepper

There are 2 qualities of chopped cayenne pepper, namely red and green cayenne pepper with fresh quality. The reported price of cayenne pepper is the price per kg.

Beef

There are 2 qualities of shredded beef, namely external beef and internal beef with fresh quality. The beef price reported is the price per kg.

Purebred Chicken Meat

The purebred chicken meat that is minced is fresh quality purebred chicken meat. The reported price of purebred chicken meat is the price per kg.

Muammar Khaddafi¹, Chalirafi², Mohd Heikal³, Munandar⁴, Rico Nur Ilham⁵, Thasrif Murhadi⁶

Purebred Chicken Eggs

Pure chicken eggs that are chopped have 1 quality, namely fresh quality. The reported price of purebred chicken eggs is the price per kg.

d. Technical Price Enumeration and Submission of Period Reports

Monthly: Commodity price enumeration can be done every 15-20th of every month.

Price Enumeration

- Price enumeration uses a form with a standard and uniform format.
- The enumerator brings a form containing information about traders, commodities and previous month's data when recording prices to see whether there are/are no price changes.

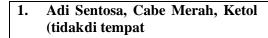
Reporting

- Data reporting is submitted to Bank Indonesia every month no later than the 25th 10.00 to 12.00 WIB by entering/uploading data on the PIHPS website. If the 25th falls on a Saturday/Sunday/holiday, then reporting is done on the working day after the date in question.
- Data reporting uses a standard and uniform format.

e. Work Products

The output of observations produced by surveyors is in the form of food price data, names, addresses, contacts (cellphone numbers) of respondents for the commodities surveyed along with the quality of the commodities. Accompanied by photo data of the respondent with the surveyor, and photos of the business (commodities produced

3. SURVEY DOCUMENTATION





2. Tukimin, Bawang merah & Cabe Merah, Bener Meriah











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3. M. Syakir, Beras, Bireuen



4. Tgk Har/Batee, Telur & Daging Ayam, Aceh Utara



5. Rijal, Daging Sapi dan Cabe Merah,Langsa



6. Tgk Ilyas, Telur, Cabe merah, danCabe rawit, Aceh Timur



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7. Amir Mandiri, Beras, Aceh Utara



8. Ihsan (diwakili), Beras, Bireuen



9. Rijal, Daging Sapi, Bireuen



10. Suratno, Cabe Merah & Rawit, Takengon (tidak di tempat)











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11. Zamzami, Ayam, Aceh Utara



12. Alan Sitepu, Bawang Merah, Bener Meriah (tidak di tempat)



13. Toke Him, Daging Sapi, Lhokesumawe



14. Pak Nawi, Cabe Merah, Lhokseumawe



Muammar Khaddafi¹, Chalirafi², Mohd Heikal³, Munandar⁴, Rico Nur Ilham⁵, Thasrif Murhadi⁶

15. Nirwansyah, Cabe Rawit, Bener Meriah



16. Fauzan/Abdullah, Bawang Merah, Bireuen



17. Edy, Cabe Merah & Cabe Rawit, KetolTakengon



18. Hafifuddin, Ayam, Aceh Utara











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