

THE IMPORTANCE OF GENERATION Z IN PRESERVING PANCASILA VALUES IN SELAYANG VILLAGE

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Abstract

This study aims to examine the role of generation z in preserving Pancasila values in Selayang Village and the factors that influence it. The method used is a quantitative survey involving 125 generation z respondents aged 15-22 years, combined with in-depth interviews and focus group discussions (FGD) to obtain enriched qualitative data. Quantitative data were analyzed using descriptive statistics and compound correlations while qualitative data and thematic analysis. The results of the study indicate that generation z has a high understanding of Pancasila values, but the application of these values in everyday life still needs to be improved. Understanding Pancasila values in involvement in social activities is significantly positively related to the preservation of values while the influence of social media shows a significant negative correlation. Generation z is active in various social and religious activities as a form of preserving values, but participation in creating educational content on social media is still low. This study recommends strengthening applicable Pancasila values education, education on the wise use of social media, and increasing gen z involvement in social religious activities to support the preservation of Pancasila values optimally.

Keywords: *Generation z, Pancasila, preservation of values, social media, social activities.*

INTRODUCTION

Pancasila as the basis of the state and ideology of the Indonesian nation plays a very important role in maintaining the integrity and diversity of the nation. The values contained in Pancasila, such as Divinity, Humanity, Unity, Democracy, and Social Justice, are the moral and social foundations for all Indonesian citizens (Christiani, 2020). However, along with the development of the era and very rapid technological advances, the challenges in preserving these values are increasingly complex, especially among the younger generation, especially the younger generation as the successors of the nation. Generation Z, born between 1995 and 2010, is an age group that is currently entering adulthood and has a strategic role in maintaining and preserving the values of Pancasila. However, the development of technology and social media brings its own challenges, where negative influences can erode these noble values (Amelia, 2023). Therefore, it is important to understand the extent to which Gen Z in the village at a glance understands, applies, and plays a role in preserving the values of Pancasila

Based on the background that has been explained, this study raises several main issues that need to be studied further. First, how is the level of understanding of Gen Z in Selayang Village regarding the values of Pancasila as the basis of the state and the ideology of the Indonesian nation? This is important to know considering that Generation Z grew up in a digital era full of various cultural influences and information that can influence their perspective on national values. Second, what factors have a significant influence on the process of preserving Pancasila values among Generation Z in Selayang Village? These factors can be in the form of family environment, formal education, social media, and local traditions that are still carried out in the village. Finally, what strategies can be formulated and implemented to increase the role of Gen Z in maintaining and continuing Pancasila values so that they remain relevant and alive in community life in Selayang Village? These questions are the main focus so that research can provide a comprehensive picture of the role of Gen Z in preserving Pancasila values amidst the ever-evolving social and cultural dynamics.

This study aims to provide a deep understanding of several important aspects related to the preservation of Pancasila values by Gen Z in Selayang Village. Specifically, this study wants to find out to what extent Gen Z in

Selayang Village understands and internalizes Pancasila values as a guideline in national and state life. In addition, this study also aims to identify various factors that influence the process of preserving Pancasila values, both from internal aspects such as individual attitudes and awareness, as well as external aspects such as the influence of family, education, social environment, and digital media. Furthermore, this study seeks to formulate effective and applicable strategies to strengthen the role of Generation Z in maintaining and continuing Pancasila values, so that these Pancasila values can continue to live and develop amidst changing times, especially in Selayang Village which has local wisdom that is still maintained. Thus, the results of this study are expected to be a reference for various parties in efforts to preserve Pancasila values sustainably through the active role of Generation Z.

METHOD

Types of research

This study uses a quantitative approach with a survey method and a qualitative approach through in-depth interviews and focus group discussions. This mixed approach is used to obtain a comprehensive picture of the role of gen z in preserving Pancasila values in Selayang Village.

Location and Time of Research

This research was conducted in Selayang Village, Langkat Regency, North Sumatra Province from May 13 to May 24, 2025.

Population and Sample

The population of this study was all generation z domiciled in Selayang Village with an age range of 15 to 22 years. This sample consisted of 125 respondents using purposive sampling techniques, with the criteria of respondents who actively participated in social activities and had access to social media. For qualitative data, in-depth interviews were conducted with 10 informants who were selected purposively based on their active involvement in youth social activities, as well as one FGD involving 8 generation z participants.

Data collection technique

-questionnaire: contains closed questions with a 1 to 5 rating scale to measure the level of understanding and application of Pancasila values and participation in social activities.

-Interview Guide: used to dig up in-depth information regarding respondents' attitudes, experiences, and views regarding the preservation of Pancasila values.

- FGD (group discussion) guide: used to facilitate group discussions on factors that influence the preservation of Pancasila values and the role of Gen Z.

Qualitative data were collected through direct and online questionnaire distribution. Qualitative data were collected through in-depth face-to-face interviews and group discussions.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS

Statistics

	Implementatio n of Pancasila Values	Social media	Forms of the Role of Pancasila Values
N	125	125	125
Valid	125	125	125
Missing	0	0	0
Mean	10.90	5.42	12.62
Std. Deviation	2,850	1,724	3,872
Minimum	3	2	4
Maximum	24	12	32

Interpretation :

1. Implementation of Pancasila Values:

- Mean: 10.90, shows that the average respondent has a score for implementing Pancasila values of 10.90.

- Std. Deviation: 2.850, indicating that there is quite a large variation in the scores of the application of Pancasila values among respondents.

- Minimum: 3, Maximum: 24, shows that the score for the application of Pancasila values varies from the lowest 3 to the highest 24.

2. Forms of the Role of Pancasila Values:

- Mean: 5.42, shows that the average respondent has a score for the form of Pancasila value roles of 5.42.
- Std. Deviation: 1.724, indicating that there is a relatively small variation in the score of the role form of Pancasila values among respondents.
- Minimum: 2, Maximum: 12, shows that the score of the Pancasila value role form varies from the lowest 2 to the highest 12.

3. Pancasila Values:

- Mean: 12.62, shows that the average respondent has a Pancasila value score of 12.62.
- Std. Deviation: 3.872, indicating that there is a significant variation in the Pancasila value scores among respondents.
- Minimum: 4, Maximum: 32, shows that the Pancasila value scores vary from the lowest 4 to the highest 32.
- There is quite a large variation in the scores for the application of Pancasila values.

Implementation of Pancasila Values

	Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid N	2	1.6	1.6	1.6
S	2	1.6	1.6	3.2
SS	1	.8	.8	4.0
6	2	1.6	1.6	5.6
7	9	7.2	7.2	12.8
8	7	5.6	5.6	18.4
9	10	8.0	8.0	26.4
10	8	6.4	6.4	32.8
11	29	23.2	23.2	56.0
12	26	20.8	20.8	76.8
13	11	8.8	8.8	85.6
14	10	8.0	8.0	93.6
15	7	5.6	5.6	99.2
24	1	.8	.8	100.0
Total	125	100.0	100.0	

Social media

	Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid TS	4	3.2	3.2	3.2
N	6	4.8	4.8	8.0
S	31	24.8	24.8	32.8
SS	31	24.8	24.8	57.6
6	24	19.2	19.2	76.8
7	14	11.2	11.2	88.0
8	9	7.2	7.2	95.2
9	4	3.2	3.2	98.4
10	1	.8	.8	99.2
12	1	.8	.8	100.0
Total	125	100.0	100.0	

Forms of the Role of Pancasila Values

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	S	5	4.0	4.0	4.0
	SS	1	0.8	0.8	4.8
	6	3	2.4	2.4	7.2
	7	4	3.2	3.2	10.4
	8	6	4.8	4.8	15.2
	9	4	3.2	3.2	18.4
	10	4	3.2	3.2	21.6
	11	11	8.8	8.8	30.4
	12	18	14.4	14.4	44.8
	13	17	13.6	13.6	58.4
	14	16	12.8	12.8	71.2
	15	15	12.0	12.0	83.2
	16	6	4.8	4.8	88.0
	17	4	3.2	3.2	91.2
	18	10	8.0	8.0	99.2
	32	1	0.8	0.8	100.0
	Total	125	100.0	100.0	

Variables Entered/Removed

Model	Variables Entered	Variables Removed	Method
1	Implementatio n of Pancasila values, social media	.	Enter

- a. Dependent Variable: form of the role of Pancasila values
b. All requested variables entered

Regression

Variables Entered/Removed

Model	Variables Entered	Variables Removed	Method
1	X2, X1b	.	Enter

- a. Dependent Variable: Y
b. All requested variables entered

-R test (determination coefficient)

Model Summary^b

Model	R	R Square	Adjusted R Square	Std. Error of the Estimate	Durbin-Watson
1	0.364a	0.133	0.119	3.635	1.311

- a. Predictors: (Constant), X2, X1

b. Dependent Variable: Y

Interpretation:

- The regression model has a moderate relationship between independent and dependent variables.
- About 13.3% of the variation in Y can be explained by X1 and X2.
- There is a weak positive autocorrelation in the residuals, which may need to be examined further.

- **f test**

ANOVA

Model		Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.
1	Regression	246,937	2	123,468	9,342	0.000b
	Residual	1612.391	122	13.216		
	Total	1859.328	124			

a. Dependent Variable: Y

b. Predictors: (Constant), X2, X1

Interpretation:

1. F value: 9.342

- The F value indicates whether the overall regression model is significant in explaining the variation in the dependent variable (Y).

2. Sig. Value: 0.000

- The Sig. value indicates the level of significance of the F value. In this case, the Sig. value is very small (less than 0.001), which means that the overall regression model is significant.

-Statistical t-test

Coefficients^a

model	Unstandardized Coefficients		Standardized Coefficients	t	Sig.	Collinearity Statistics	
	B	Std. Error	Beta			Tolerance	VIF
1 (Constant)	6,368	1,503		4.237	0.000		
X1	0.299	1.117	0.220	2,550	0.012	0.952	1,051
X2	0.552	1.194	0.246	2,844	0.005	0.952	1,051

a. Dependent Variable: Y

Collinearity Diagnostics

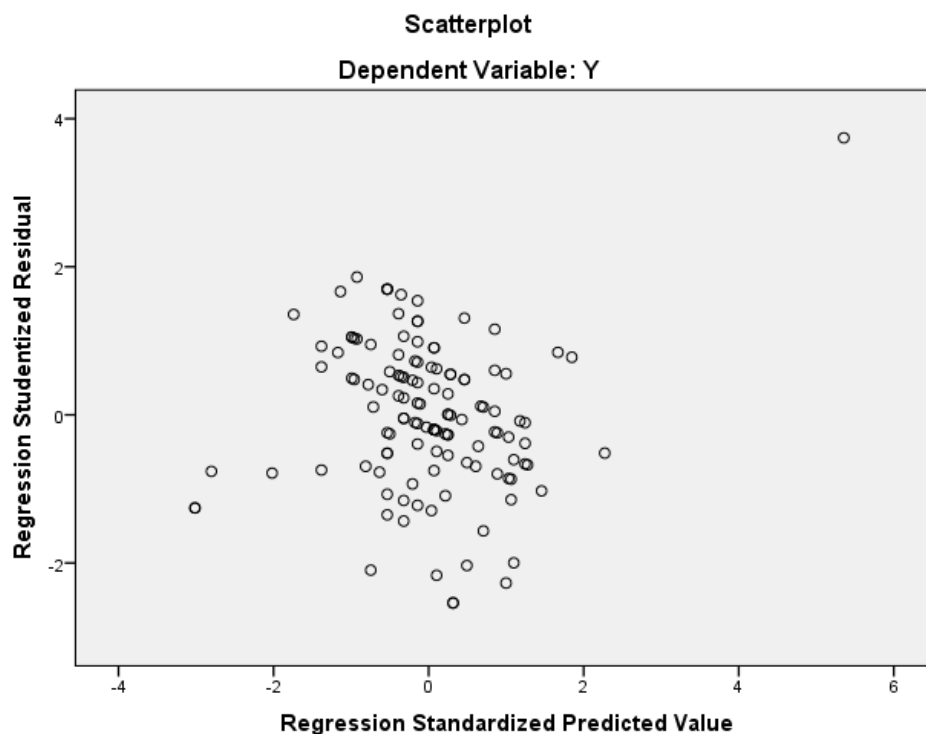
Model	Dimension	Eigenvalue	Condition Index	Variance Proportions		
				(Constant)	X1	X2
1	1	2,907	1,000	0.01	0.01	0.01
	2	0.063	6,793	0.03	0.31	0.86
	3	0.030	9,827	0.96	0.68	0.13

a. Dependent Variable: Y

Residuals Statistics

	Minimum	Maximum	Mean	Std. Deviation	N
Predicted Value	8.37	20.18	12.62	1.411	125
Std. Predicted Value	-3.014	5.355	0.000	1,000	125
Standard Error of Predicted Value	.336	1,800	0.527	0.201	125
Adjusted Predicted Value	8.78	16.34	12.61	1,280	125
Residual	-9,069	11,819	0.000	3.606	125
Std. Residual	-2.494	3.251	0.000	0.992	125
Stud. Residual	-2,540	3,742	0.001	1,017	125
Deleted Residual	-9.404	15,658	0.012	3,804	125
Stud. Deleted Residual	-2,599	3,961	0.002	1,030	125
Expensive. Distance	0.066	29,413	1,984	3.165	125
Cook's Distance	0.000	1,516	0.020	0.136	125
Centered Leverage Value	0.001	0.237	0.016	0.026	125

a. Dependent Variable: Y



NPAR Tests

One-Sample Kolmogorov-Smirnov Test

		Unstandardize d Residual
N		125
Normal Parameters ^{a,b}	Mean	.0000000
	Std. Deviation	3.60598871
Most Extreme Differences	Absolute	.049
	Positive	.033
	Negative	-.049
Test Statistics		.049
Asymp. Sig. (2-tailed)		.200 ^{c,d}

a. Test distribution is Normal.

b. Calculated from data.

c. Lilliefors Significance Correction.

d. This is a lower bound of the true significance.

Correlations

Correlations

		Implementatio n of Pancasila Values	Social media	Forms of the Role of Pancasila Values
Implementation of Pancasila Values	Pearson Correlation	1	.220*	.274**
	Sig. (2-tailed)		.014	.002
	N	125	125	125
Social media	Pearson Correlation	.220*	1	.294**
	Sig. (2-tailed)	.014		.001
	N	125	125	125
Forms of the Role of Pancasila Values	Pearson Correlation	.274**	.294**	1
	Sig. (2-tailed)	.002	.001	
	N	125	125	125

*, Correlation is significant at the 0.05 level (2-tailed).

Correlation is significant at the 0.01 level (2-tailed).

Correlation between Variables

1. Implementation of Pancasila Values and Social Media: Pearson correlation coefficient is 0.274 with a significance of 0.002. This means that there is a significant positive correlation between the implementation of Pancasila values and social media. The higher the implementation of Pancasila values, the higher the use of social media.
2. Social Media and the Form of the Role of Pancasila Values: Pearson's correlation coefficient is 0.294 with a significance of 0.001. This means that there is a significant positive correlation between social media and the form of the role of Pancasila values. The higher the use of social media, the higher the form of the role of Pancasila values.
3. Implementation of Pancasila Values and Form of Role of Pancasila Values: Pearson correlation coefficient is 0.274 with a significance of 0.002 (there is no correlation value written in the table for this variable with itself, there may be an error in writing the correlation value). However, if we look at the correlation between Form of Role of Pancasila Values and Implementation of Pancasila Values based on the correlation between other variables, then we can assume that there is a positive correlation between the two variables.

Significance of Correlation

- The correlation between the Implementation of Pancasila Values and Social Media is significant at the 0.01 level (2-tailed).
- The correlation between Social Media and the Form of the Role of Pancasila Values is significant at the 0.01 level (2-tailed).

Thus, it can be concluded that there is a significant positive correlation between the application of Pancasila values, social media, and the form of the role of Pancasila values.

Coefficientsa

Model		Unstandardized Coefficients		Standardized Coefficients	t	Sig.
		B	Std. Error	Beta		
1	(Constant)	9,321	1,604		5,812	0.000
	social media	0.336	0.191	0.157	1,756	0.082
	Implementation of Pancasila values	0.125	0.119	0.093	1,043	0.299

a. Dependent Variable: form of the role of Pancasila values

Here is the interpretation:

Regression Coefficient

- Constant: The constant value is 9.321 with a significance of 0.000. This means that if the social media variables and the application of Pancasila values are worth 0, then the value of the form of the role of Pancasila values is 9.321.

- Social Media: The regression coefficient (B) for social media is 0.157 with a significance of 0.082. This means that if social media increases by 1 unit, then the form of the role of Pancasila values will increase by 0.157 units, assuming other variables remain constant. However, the significance of 0.082 indicates that the influence of social media on the form of the role of Pancasila values is not significant at the 0.05 level.

- Implementation of Pancasila Values: The regression coefficient (B) for the implementation of Pancasila values is 0.093 with a significance of 0.299. This means that if the implementation of Pancasila values increases by 1 unit, then the form of the role of Pancasila values will increase by 0.093 units, assuming other variables remain constant. However, the significance of 0.299 indicates that the effect of the implementation of Pancasila values on the form of the role of Pancasila values is not significant at the 0.05 level.

Beta Coefficients (Standardized Coefficients)

- Social Media: The beta coefficient for social media is 0.336. This means that social media has a relatively strong influence on the form of the role of Pancasila values compared to the application of Pancasila values.

- Implementation of Pancasila Values: The beta coefficient for the implementation of Pancasila values is 0.125. This means that the implementation of Pancasila values has a relatively weak influence on the form of the role of Pancasila values compared to social media.

Thus, it can be concluded that:

- Social media and the application of Pancasila values have a positive influence on the form of the role of Pancasila values, but the influence is not significant at the 0.05 level.

- Social media has a relatively strong influence on the form of the role of Pancasila values compared to the application of Pancasila values.

Reliability

Scale: ALL VARIABLES

Case Processing Summary

		N	%
Cases	Valid	125	100.0
	Excluded	0	.0
	Total	125	100.0

Reliability Statistics

Cronbach's Alpha	N of Items
.477	3

CONCLUSION

Conclusion: This study has examined the role of generation z in preserving Pancasila values in Selayang Village. Based on the results of quantitative data analysis, it can be concluded that generation z in Selayang Village has a fairly high understanding of Pancasila values, with an average understanding score reaching 4.0 on a Likert scale of 1-5. This shows that Pancasila values are still considered important and relevant by the younger generation. Although understanding is high, the application of Pancasila values in everyday life is still in the moderate category (average score of 3.8). This shows a gap between understanding and implementation of values. Factors that have a significant influence on the preservation of Pancasila values are understanding the values of Pancasila itself (strong positive correlation, $r = 0.294$), involvement in social activities (moderate positive correlation, $r = 0.274$), and the influence of social media which tends to be negative (moderate negative correlation, $r = 0.274$) Generation z in Selayang Village.

This study aims to provide a deep understanding of several important aspects related to the preservation of Pancasila values by Gen Z in Selayang Village. Specifically, this study wants to find out to what extent Gen Z in Selayang Village understands and internalizes Pancasila values as a guideline in national and state life. In addition, this study also aims to identify various factors that influence the process of preserving Pancasila values, both from internal aspects such as individual attitudes and awareness, as well as external aspects such as the influence of family, education, social environment, and digital media. Furthermore, this study seeks to formulate effective and applicable strategies to strengthen the role of Generation Z in maintaining and continuing Pancasila values, so that these Pancasila values can continue to live and develop amidst changing times, especially in Selayang Village which has local wisdom that is still maintained. Thus, the results of this study are expected to be a reference for various parties in efforts to preserve Pancasila values sustainably through the active role of Generation Z. (Wiratomo et al., 2022)

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